

**THE PEOPLE REPUBLIC OF CHINA'S FOREIGN POLICY TO
SUCCEED 2008 BEIJING OLYMPICS GAMES**

(Case Study: Boycott Action toward 2008 Beijing Olympics Games)

Presented as partial fulfillment of the requirement for the degree of Sarjana Ilmu
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Endorsement Page

This undergraduate thesis entitled:

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I Would Like Dedicate This Thesis To:

+ My father Saíd Alwi

+ My mother Wanti Hasmí

+ My sisters; Syarifah Dina Meutia, Syarifah Debi

Mulya and Syarifah Diva Masthura

+ My only brother Saíd Mardhatillah

+ My brothers in law

+ My little nephew Tubagus Muhammad Zidan

+ My newborn cutie nephew Habib

FOREWORD

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Abstract

The last Summer Olympics Games was held in Beijing from August 8th to August 24th, 2008. Unfortunately, before the Olympics Games was held, there were many boycott actions. There were two issues related to the boycott actions; human right violation in Tibet and environment issue. Pro Tibetan Activists and some dominant states claimed that The Summer 2008 Olympics Games couldn't be held in Beijing because the Government of China had devastated the main identities of Tibet, namely traditional language, religion, culture and historical places. That devastation had been done since 1950 when People's Liberation Army (PLA) entered Tibet Area. The next problem was about environment health issues. There were about air pollution, food safety and poor tap water system.

To overcome those issues and to hold the 2008 Olympic Games successfully, the Government of China ran some strategies. The Government of China attempted to handle the boycott actions through compromising or yielding strategy by solving both internal and external problems. China had to satisfy the stronger sides by adjusting the situation in its state based on what those dominant states requested; started from solved its domestic conflict with Tibet, approved several new bills to deploy new regulations that would be implemented in Beijing in order to decrease the emission level, hired expert technicians to fix the tap water system and provided a number of medical expertise to control the food safety during the Olympics Games. Then China also specified special autonomy in Tibet; Regional Ethnic Autonomy. This autonomy would protect both Tibetans culture and economic conditions.

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