APPROVAL PAGE

THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE STATE ON TRANSBOUNDARY HAZE POLLUTION AFTER THE RATIFICATION OF AATHP: CASE OF INDONESIA

UNDERGRADUATE THESIS

Approved by Advisors on Thursday, September 3^{rd} , 2015

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VALIDATION PAGE

THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE STATE ON TRANSBOUNDARY HAZE POLLUTION AFTER THE RATIFICATION OF AATHP: CASE OF INDONESIA

UNDERGRADUATE THESIS

It has been defended in front of the board of examiners on Thursday, September 3rd, 2015

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بني أَنْ السِّحَةِ السِّحَةِ السِّحَةِ السِّحَةِ السِّحَةِ السِّحَةِ السِّحَةِ السِّحَةِ السِّحَةِ السَّحَةِ ا

I hereby declare that the undergraduate thesis under the title "The Responsibility of the State on Transboundary Haze Pollution after the Ratification of AATHP: Case of Indonesia", its content is truly the work of my own and I did not do plagiarism or quotation in ways that are inconsistent with the prevailing ethic in the scientific community. On this statement, I am ready to bear the risk/any sanctions imposed to me in accordance with applicable regulations, if the future found a breach of scientific ethics, I am willing to accept the sanctions.

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Yogyakarta, August 27th, 2015

Muhammad Arizka Wahyu

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MOTTO PAGE

Indeed, Allah will not change the condition of a people until they change what is in themselves.

(Q.S Ar-Ra'd: 13)

三人行必有我师

Sān rén xíng bì yǒu wǒ shī

"Learn from everyone, no matter who is he/she."

(Chinese Idiom)

DEDICATION PAGE

This Undergraduate Thesis dedicate to:

ALLAH SWT

Prophet Muhammad SAW

All of My Family

International Program for Law and Sharia (IPOLS)
Faculty of Law
Universitas Muhammadiyah Yogyakarta

International Centre for Law and Sharia Studies (ICLASS)
Faculty of Law
Universitas Muhammadiyah Yogyakarta

PREFACE

Alhamdulillah, thank you Allah SWT, The Most Merciful and Most Gracious who has given His bless and an opportunity to accomplish my Undergraduate Thesis entitled "The Responsibility of the State on Transboundary Haze Pollution after the Ratification of AATHP: Case of Indonesia" in Universitas Muhammadiyah Yogyakarta. Thank you for my advisors, Dr. M. Nur Islami, S.H., M.Hum and Mr. Yordan Gunawan, S.H., Int. MBA who guided me with patient, wisdom and compassion.

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Last, I realize that there are so many mistakes in my undergraduate thesis, I

hope that it could benefit for all human beings with the presence of this

undergraduate thesis. Amin.

Yogyakarta, August 27th, 2015

Muhammad Arizka Wahyu

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ABSTRACT

Land and forest fires in Indonesia has resulted the economic and ecological losses caused by opening the land (land clearing) with burning land. Land and forest fires in Sumatra and Kalimantan is now not only a national issue, but also became an international issue because it arises the transboundary haze pollution. Beside the loss in Indonesia itself, the smoke also disrupt neighboring countries, such as Malaysia, Brunei and Singapore. Every year Malaysia and Singapore as countries affected by transboundary haze pollution filed a strong protest to the Indonesian government. Based on the principle of international law of state responsibility, Indonesia should be responsible for the transboundary haze pollution. Because of it has disrupted the environment of other countries. On June 10, 2002, ASEAN countries agreed to sign the 1997 ASEAN Agreement on Transboundary Haze Pollution (AATHP) to address land and forest fires in Southeast Asia and AATHP entered into force on 25 November 2003. Then, in 2014, Indonesia became the last country to ratify AATHP. The type of this research is a normative legal research. By using a qualitative descriptive method, the research aims to describe the responsibility of Indonesian government on transboundary haze pollution based on international law of state responsibility and ASEAN Agreement on Transboundary Haze Pollution (AATHP) and also the regulations and conventions especially that related to the transboundary haze pollution. The result shows that based on international law of state responsibility, Indonesian government should be responsible for the transboundary haze pollution and after ratification the ASEAN Agreement on Transboundary Haze Pollution, Indonesia as the pollutant country cannot be required to pay compensation fully because it was a shared responsibility of the ASEAN countries.

Keywords: International Law, Ratification, State Responsibility, AATHP, ASEAN.

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