

ABSTRACT

Preah Vihear is Hindu temple where located on the border of Thailand and Cambodia which is in 1962 the International Court of Justice (ICJ) decided that the temple was included in the region of Cambodia. Then on July 7, 2008, UNESCO officially included Preah Vihear as a world heritage. It was the beginning of which Thailand began to re-measure the temple area which belongs to Cambodia. According to Thailand, an area of 4.6 km² located around the temple was not mentioned in the ICJ's decision in 1962. Thailand also sent troops to stand guard there and Cambodia responded by sending troops and eventual armed conflict occurred between the two armies countries.

ASEAN as a regional organization of the countries in Southeast Asia, including Thailand and Cambodia asked the United Nations to cooperate in resolving the conflict between the two countries. Where to resolve this conflict must be conducted peacefully and without using violence. In this regard, ASEAN also as facilitator and moderator in Preah Vihear resolve conflicts through negotiation and mediation.

To resolve this conflict, ASEAN facilitated the trilateral meetings between Indonesia, Thailand and Cambodia that took place in Jakarta. On the other hand, ASEAN mediated with Thailand and Cambodia in the Joint Border Committee (JBC), the ASEAN Summit and the 18th, ASEAN Defence Ministers Meeting (ADMM) and ASEAN Ministerial Meeting (AMM)

Keywords : Preah Vihear, konflik, Thailand, Kamboja, ASEAN