

**POST OCCUPANCY EVALUATION OF INTERNAL USER BASED ON  
OPERATING ROOM PHYSICAL PERFORMANCE ON  
PANEMBAHAN SENOPATI BANTUL HOSPITAL**

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**ABSTRACT**

**Background :** Basically, hospital physical aspect is related to service quality directly. Good construction gives convenience on using so confer contribution in patient's recovery and user's productivity. Understanding physical infrastucture at this time, post occupancy evaluation is able to used

**Method :** Method which is used in this research is observational descriptive with analysis data that consist of qualitative data as operating room physical performance, post occupancy evaluation and quantitative data as result of temperature, illumination, noise level and humidity measurement.

**Result :** Room temperature in operating room I is 22,5°C, illumination is 364 lux, noise level is 74 db, and humidity level is 60%. In operating room II room temperature measured is 23°C, illumination is 397 lux, noise level is 69 db, and humidity level is 58%. Score of post occupancy evaluation on technical aspect is 3,325, behavioral aspect 3,713, functional aspect 3,939.

**Conclusion :** It can be conluded that only noise level which is still below the standard quantitatively. Observationally, there are still deficiencies on several aspects in operating room. Internal user post occupancy evaluation shows that technical aspect is not as good as functional and behavioral aspect

**Keywords :** Physical Performance, Operating Room, Post Occupancy Evaluation