

ABSTRACT

The economical crisis that grows to multi crisis caused the poor family in Indonesia grows up, from 22,5 million increase to be 80 million souls (by BPS), or from 5 million family leaders. That crisis influences health status and nutrition status. To avoid the clecrease of the civil nutrition status government has done the social saving in healthy field since November 1998.

The activity of extra food giving program by JPS BK that is called as PMT in JPS BK including food giving intervension the baby 6-11 months, the child 12-13 months, and the child 24-59 months and pregnant mother or fresh mother who had KEP desease. PMT in JPS BK as respon of government to the existence of crisis that has effect for increasing of mean prices and decreasing of civil buying effort in longer crisis which is predicted influencing nutrition status of society for children, pregnant mother and feeding mother from low economical social. The carrying out based on search that have done, generally PMT program in Mlati II Sleman Puskesmas can be seen from some indicator: Promotif doing process, preventif, curatif and rehabilitatif that well done and can be seen from the effect of program that showed of KEP.

As long as the economical crisis have not recovered and civil economical haven't shown the signifikan direction, JPS BK program still relevan to be continued. In the next, the carrying out of JPS BK should been more priorities at the poor civil that became the target.