

**KARYA TULIS ILMIAH**

**HUBUNGAN UAP GASOLIN TERHADAP GAMBARAN HISTOLOGI  
MUKOSA HIDUNG OPERATOR STASIUN PENGISIAN BAHAN BAKAR  
UMUM (SPBU)  
DI YOGYAKARTA**

Diajukan untuk Memenuhi sebagian Syarat Memperoleh Derajat  
Sarjana Kedokteran pada Fakultas Kedokteran dan Ilmu Kesehatan  
Universitas Muhammadiyah Yogyakarta



Disusun oleh

**AYUDYA CAHYA PAKARTI**

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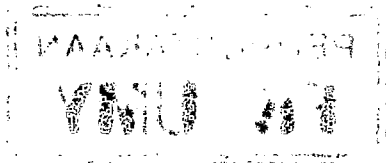
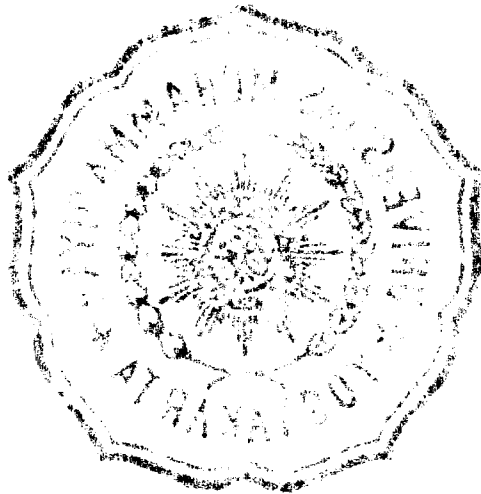
**FAKULTAS KEDOKTERAN DAN ILMU KESEHATAN**

**UNIVERSITAS MUHAMMADIYAH YOGYAKARTA**

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UNY

**HALAMAN PENGESAHAN**

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MUKOSA HIDUNG OPERATOR STASIUN PENGISIAN BAHAN BAKAR  
UMUM (SPBU)  
DI YOGYAKARTA**

**Disusun oleh:**

**Ayudya Cahya Pakarti**

**NIM: 20060310112**

**Telah disetujui dan diseminarkan pada tanggal 10 Mei 2010**


**Disetujui oleh:**

**Dosen Pembimbing,**



**Yuningtyaswari S.Si., M.Kes**

**Dosen Penguji,**



**Nurul Makiyah S.Si., M.Kes**

**Mengetahui,**

**Dekan Fakultas Kedokteran dan Ilmu Kesehatan  
Universitas Muhammadiyah Yogyakarta**



**Dr. H. Edwin Santosa Sp. A. M.Kes**

MAHASISWA

DIJADIKAN KELOMPOK DAN MENYAJIKAN  
HASIL KARYA NYA  
DARI MATA KULIAH  
PENGANTAR KEJURUTERAAN  
DI JAWABAN

Disusun oleh:

1. Nama Lengkap

2. NPM

3. Nama Dosen Pembimbing

4. No. HP

5. Alamat

6. No. Telp

7. Email

8. No. WhatsApp

9. Tanggal

10. Nama dan Alamat  
11. Nama dan Alamat

12. Nama dan Alamat

## **MOTTO**

**"Dan barangsiapa yang taat kepada Allah dan Rasul-Nya dan takut kepada Allah dan bertaqwa kepada-Nya, maka mereka adalah orang-orang yang mendapat kemenangan."**

**(QS. An Noor: 52)**

**"Hai manusia, sesungguhnya telah datang kepadamu pelajaran dari Tuhanmu dan penyembuh bagi penyakit- penyakit (yang berada) dalam dada dan petunjuk serta rahmat bagi orang-orang yang beriman. "**

**(Q.S. Yunus: 57)**

**"Barangsiapa bangun di pagi hari dengan badan sehat dan jiwa sehat pula dan rejekinya di jamin, maka dia seperti orang yang memiliki dunia seluruhnya."**

**(HR. Tirmidzi)**

**"Ada dua anugrah yang karenanya banyak manusia tertipu, yaitu kesehatan yang baik dan waktu yang luang (kesempatan)."**

**(HR. Bukhari)**

011111

1. Jelaskan secara singkat apa itu manajemen! (5)

2. Sebutkan dan jelaskan secara singkat 5 fungsi manajemen! (5)

(Jawablah!)

(20)

3. Jelaskan secara singkat apa itu perencanaan! (5)

4. Sebutkan dan jelaskan secara singkat 4 jenis perencanaan! (5)

(Jawablah!)

(20)

5. Jelaskan secara singkat apa itu pengorganisasian! (5)

6. Sebutkan dan jelaskan secara singkat 3 prinsip pengorganisasian! (5)

(Jawablah!)

7. Jelaskan secara singkat apa itu kepemimpinan! (5)

(Jawablah!)

(20)

## **PERNYATAAN KEASLIAN TULISAN**

Saya yang bertanda tangan dibawah ini,

Nama : Ayudya Cahya Pakarti

NIM : 20060310112

Program studi : Pendidikan dokter

Fakultas : Kedokteran

Menyatakan dengan sebenarnya bahwa Karya Tulis Ilmiah yang saya tulis ini benar-benar merupakan hasil karya saya sendiri dan belum diajukan dalam bentuk apapun kepada perguruan tinggi mana pun. Sumber informasi yang berasal atau dikutip dari karya yang diterbitkan maupun tidak diterbitkan dari penulis lain telah disebutkan dalam teks dan dicantumkan dalam Daftar Pustaka dibagian akhir Karya Tulis Ilmiah ini.

Apabila dikemudian hari terbukti atau dapat dibuktikan skripsi ini hasil jiplakan,

DAFTAR ISI

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1. PENDAHULUAN

2. TINJAUAN PUSTAKA

3. METODE PENELITIAN

4. HASIL DAN PEMBAHASAN

5. PENUTUP

6. DAFTAR PUSTAKA

7. LAMPIRAN

8. GLOSARIUM

9. DAFTAR PUSTAKA



## KATA PENGANTAR

Bismillahirrohmanirrohim

Assalamu'alaikum Warahmatullahi Wabarokatuh.

Alhamdulillahirobbil'alamin, puji syukur kehadiran Allah SWT yang telah melimpahkan begitu banyak nikmat dan karunia sehingga dengan kasih sayangnya, saya dapat menikmati hidup di alam dunia. Demi Allah, tidak ada satu detikpun kejadian yang berlangsung tanpa kuasa-Nya, termasuk dalam menyelesaikan proposal ini. Sholawat serta salam semoga tetap tercurah kepada junjungan kita Nabi Muhammad SAW, kepada keluarganya, sahabatnya, dan semoga sampai kepada kita selaku umat yang taat dan patuh terhadap risalah yang dibawa olehnya.

Karya tulis ilmiah ini berjudul "Hubungan Uap Gasolin terhadap Gambaran Histologi Mukosa Hidung Operator Stasiun Pengisian Bahan Bakar Umum (SPBU) di Yogyakarta" disusun untuk memperoleh gelar derajat sarjana kedokteran di Fakultas Kedokteran dan Ilmu Kesehatan Universitas Muhammadiyah Yogyakarta.

Dalam penyusunan proposal ini, saya ingin menyampaikan ucapan terima kasih atas segala bantuan dan dukungan kepada:

1. dr. H. Erwin Santosa, Sp.A., M.Kes., selaku dekan Fakultas Kedokteran Universitas Muhammadiyah Yogyakarta,

# APPENDIX A

Continued from page 1

## Appendix A.1. Statistical Analysis

The statistical analysis was conducted using the following methods:

- Descriptive statistics were used to summarize the data.
- Inferential statistics were used to test hypotheses.
- Regression analysis was used to examine the relationship between variables.
- ANOVA was used to compare the means of three or more groups.
- Chi-square tests were used to examine the relationship between categorical variables.
- Correlation coefficients were used to measure the strength and direction of the relationship between two variables.
- Confidence intervals were used to estimate the range of values within which a population parameter is likely to fall.

Continued on page 2

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Continued on page 3

The statistical analysis was conducted using the following methods:

Continued on page 4

The statistical analysis was conducted using the following methods:

Continued on page 5

2. Yuningtyaswari S.Si.,M.Kes., dan Nurul Makiyah S.Si.,M.Kes., selaku dosen pembimbing yang telah meluangkan waktu dan dengan sabar membimbing dan memberikan bantuan kepada saya,
3. Prof. Dr. dr. Bambang Udji Djoko, Sp.THT yang telah memberikan saran agar tercapainya penelitian ini,
4. dr. Agus Suharto, Sp.PA selaku ahli patologi yang membantu mempelajari hasil laboratorium,
5. dr. Sagiran Sp.B,M.Kes yang membantu dalam teknis pelaksanaan,
6. Kedua orang tuaku, Ir, H, Catur Gunawan, MM., dan Hj. Sri Sujatmikowati, SH., atas segala keikhlasan dan curahan kasih sayang dalam mendidik dan membesarkan penulis,
7. Adikku Arian Surya atas kasih sayang dan dukungannya,
8. Sodara Wahyu, selaku staf laboratorium patologi anatomi Rahma Medika untuk bantuan dan waktu yang telah diberikan,
9. Bapak Djamhari, selaku staff laboratorium mikrobiologi FK UMY untuk penyediaan fasilitas dan kemudahan yang diberikan kepada penulis,
10. Teman-teman Fakultas Kedokteran,
11. Seluruh staf dan karyawan di Fakultas Kedokteran UMY,
12. Semua pihak yang tidak bisa disebutkan satu persatu yang telah membantu dalam penulisan KTI ini,

Penulis menyadari bahwa karya tulis ilmiah ini masih jauh dari kata

1. The first step in the process of identifying a problem is to define the problem clearly.

2. Once the problem is defined, the next step is to identify the causes of the problem.

3. After identifying the causes, the next step is to develop a plan of action.

4. The final step in the process is to implement the plan and evaluate the results.

5. This process is often referred to as the PDCA cycle.

6. The PDCA cycle is a continuous process that allows for ongoing improvement.

7. It is a key component of many quality management systems.

8. The PDCA cycle is also known as the Deming cycle.

9. The PDCA cycle is a simple but powerful tool for problem solving.

10. It is a process that can be applied to a wide range of situations.

11. The PDCA cycle is a key part of the Six Sigma methodology.

12. It is a process that is used to identify and eliminate the causes of defects.

13. The PDCA cycle is a process that is used to improve the quality of products and services.

14. It is a process that is used to ensure that products and services meet customer requirements.

15. The PDCA cycle is a process that is used to reduce variability in processes.

16. It is a process that is used to increase the efficiency of operations.

17. The PDCA cycle is a process that is used to improve the reliability of systems.

18. It is a process that is used to ensure that systems are available when needed.

19. The PDCA cycle is a process that is used to improve the performance of organizations.

20. It is a process that is used to achieve continuous improvement.

21. The PDCA cycle is a process that is used to create a culture of excellence.

22. It is a process that is used to ensure that organizations are always ready to meet the challenges of the future.

untuk itu penulis mengharapkan kritik dan saran yang bersifat membangun dari pembaca.

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10/1/19

2. The second part of the document is a list of names and addresses.

3. The third part of the document is a list of names and addresses.

4.

5.

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## **LEMBAR PERSEMBAHAN**

Karya Tulis Ilmiah ini kupersembahkan kepada:

**Tuhanku Semesta Alam ALLAH SWT**

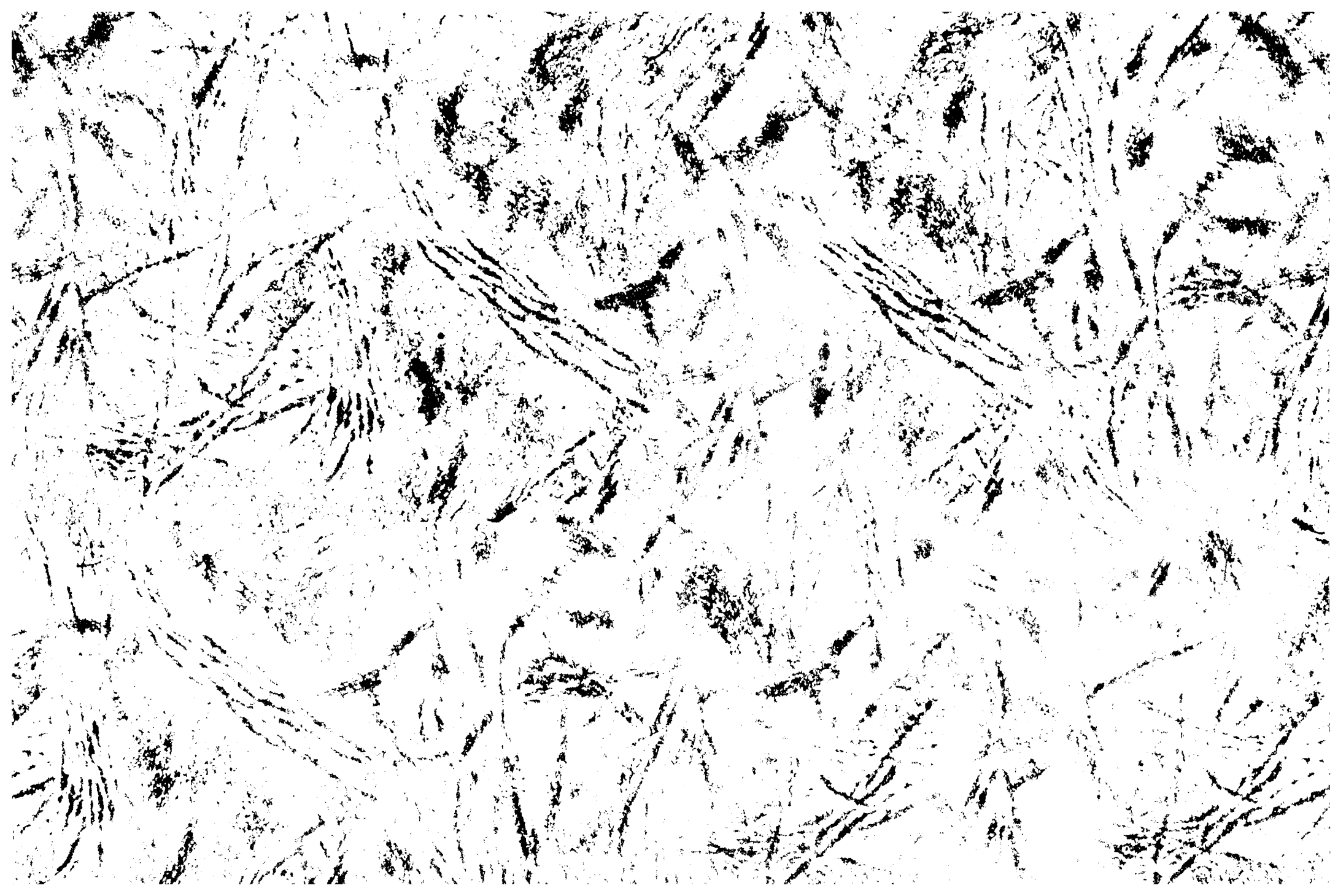
**dan Junjunganku Rasulullah Muhammad SAW**

**Ayahanda H. Ir. Catur Gunawan, MM,**

**Ibunda Hj. Sri Sujatmikowati, SH,**

**Adik Arian Surya,**

**dan Keluarga Besar**





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## RESUME

The first part of the report deals with the general theory of the subject. It is divided into two main sections. The first section is devoted to the study of the properties of the function  $f(x)$  and the second section to the study of the properties of the function  $g(x)$ . The first section is divided into two main parts. The first part is devoted to the study of the properties of the function  $f(x)$  and the second part to the study of the properties of the function  $g(x)$ . The second section is divided into two main parts. The first part is devoted to the study of the properties of the function  $f(x)$  and the second part to the study of the properties of the function  $g(x)$ .

The second part of the report deals with the application of the theory to the study of the properties of the function  $f(x)$  and the function  $g(x)$ . It is divided into two main sections. The first section is devoted to the study of the properties of the function  $f(x)$  and the second section to the study of the properties of the function  $g(x)$ . The first section is divided into two main parts. The first part is devoted to the study of the properties of the function  $f(x)$  and the second part to the study of the properties of the function  $g(x)$ . The second section is divided into two main parts. The first part is devoted to the study of the properties of the function  $f(x)$  and the second part to the study of the properties of the function  $g(x)$ .

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1. Die folgenden Aussagen sind wahr oder falsch? Begründen Sie!  
a) Die Nullmatrix ist invertierbar. (falsch)  
b) Die Inverse einer invertierbaren Matrix ist invertierbar. (wahr)  
c) Die Inverse der Inversen einer invertierbaren Matrix ist die ursprüngliche Matrix. (wahr)  
d) Die Inverse einer invertierbaren Matrix ist die Transponierte der ursprünglichen Matrix. (falsch)

2. Berechnen Sie die Inverse der Matrix A.

Die Matrix A ist gegeben durch:  
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$
  
Die Inverse A<sup>-1</sup> ist gegeben durch:  
$$A^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

3. Berechnen Sie die Determinante der Matrix A.

Die Matrix A ist gegeben durch:  
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$
  
Die Determinante det(A) ist gegeben durch:  
$$\det(A) = 0$$

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## THESE

1. The first part of the thesis is devoted to the study of the properties of the solutions of the Cauchy problem for the wave equation in the case of a variable speed of propagation. The main results are obtained in the form of theorems and lemmas.
2. In the second part, the problem of the stability of the solutions of the Cauchy problem for the wave equation is considered. The main results are obtained in the form of theorems and lemmas.
3. The third part of the thesis is devoted to the study of the properties of the solutions of the Cauchy problem for the wave equation in the case of a variable speed of propagation. The main results are obtained in the form of theorems and lemmas.
4. In the fourth part, the problem of the stability of the solutions of the Cauchy problem for the wave equation is considered. The main results are obtained in the form of theorems and lemmas.
5. The fifth part of the thesis is devoted to the study of the properties of the solutions of the Cauchy problem for the wave equation in the case of a variable speed of propagation. The main results are obtained in the form of theorems and lemmas.
6. In the sixth part, the problem of the stability of the solutions of the Cauchy problem for the wave equation is considered. The main results are obtained in the form of theorems and lemmas.
7. The seventh part of the thesis is devoted to the study of the properties of the solutions of the Cauchy problem for the wave equation in the case of a variable speed of propagation. The main results are obtained in the form of theorems and lemmas.
8. In the eighth part, the problem of the stability of the solutions of the Cauchy problem for the wave equation is considered. The main results are obtained in the form of theorems and lemmas.
9. The ninth part of the thesis is devoted to the study of the properties of the solutions of the Cauchy problem for the wave equation in the case of a variable speed of propagation. The main results are obtained in the form of theorems and lemmas.
10. In the tenth part, the problem of the stability of the solutions of the Cauchy problem for the wave equation is considered. The main results are obtained in the form of theorems and lemmas.



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## **DAFTAR LAMPIRAN**

Lampiran 1. *Informed consent*

Lampiran 2. Kuisisioner seleksi subyek

## STATISTICAL TABLES

These tables are published in the  
Annual Report of the  
Department of Statistics  
for the year 1960.